

1 (4) A satellite election office is responsible for the collection of ballots from places of deposit
2 designated pursuant to 13-19-307(8).

3 (5) (a) Any building may be used as a satellite office. The county shall operate the satellite office,
4 and the tribe may not charge the county for use of any building on the reservation as a satellite office as long as
5 no structural changes are required in order to use the building as a satellite office.

6 (b) Tribes, counties, and the secretary of state may agree to training election officials to help staff
7 the satellite offices.

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9 **Section 2.** Section 13-2-110, MCA, is amended to read:

10 **"13-2-110. Application for voter registration -- sufficiency and verification of information --**

11 **identifiers assigned for voting purposes.** (1) An individual may apply for voter registration in person or by
12 mail, postage paid, by completing and signing the standard application form for voter registration provided for in
13 13-1-210 and providing the application to the election administrator in the county in which the elector resides.

14 (2) Each application for voter registration must be accepted and processed as provided in rules
15 adopted under 13-2-109.

16 (3) Except as provided in subsection (4), an applicant for voter registration shall provide the
17 applicant's:

18 (a) Montana driver's license number;

19 (b) Montana state identification card number issued pursuant to 61-12-501; or

20 (c) the last four digits of the applicant's social security number.

21 (4) (a) If an applicant is unable to provide information in accordance with subsection (3), the
22 applicant shall provide as an alternative form of identification:

23 (i) a military identification card, a tribal photo identification card, a United States passport, or a
24 Montana concealed carry permit; or

25 (ii) (A) any other form of photo identification, including but not limited to a school district or
26 postsecondary education photo identification with the individual's name; and

27 (B) a current utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check, or other government
28 document that shows the individual's name and current address.

- 1 (b) The alternative form of identification must be:
- 2 (i) an original version presented to the election administrator if the applicant is applying in person;
- 3 or
- 4 (ii) a readable copy of any of the required documents, which must be enclosed with the
- 5 application, if the applicant is applying by mail.

6 (c) A tribal photo identification card does not need to include a residential address or an expiration
 7 date to be considered valid for use under this subsection (4).

8 (d) An elector may use a nontraditional address, as defined in 13-13-114, as a current address if
 9 the nontraditional address contains enough detail to allow the elector to be assigned to the appropriate precinct.

10 (5) (a) If information provided on an application for voter registration is sufficient to be accepted
 11 and processed and is verified pursuant to rules adopted under 13-2-109, the election administrator shall
 12 register the elector as a legally registered elector.

13 (b) If information provided on an application for voter registration was sufficient to be accepted but
 14 the applicant failed to provide the information required in subsection (3) or (4) or if the information provided was
 15 incorrect or insufficient to verify the individual's identity or eligibility to vote, the election administrator shall
 16 register the applicant as a provisionally registered elector.

17 (6) Each applicant for voter registration must be notified of the elector's registration status pursuant
 18 to rules adopted under 13-2-109.

19 (7) The secretary of state shall assign to each elector whose application was accepted a unique
 20 identification number for voting purposes and shall establish a statewide uniform method to allow the secretary
 21 of state and local election officials to distinguish legally registered electors from provisionally registered
 22 electors.

23 (8) The provisions of this section may not be interpreted to conflict with voter registration
 24 accomplished under 13-2-221, 13-21-221, and 61-5-107 and as provided for in federal law."
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26 **Section 3.** Section 13-3-105, MCA, is amended to read:

27 **"13-3-105. Designation of polling place.** (1) (a) The Except as provided in subsection (1)(b), the
 28 county governing body shall designate the polling place for each precinct no later than 30 days before a primary

1 election.

2 (b) For polling locations within the boundaries of an Indian reservation, the tribal governing body
3 shall notify the county of the polling place location for each precinct no later than 30 days before a primary
4 election.

5 (c) The same polling place must be used for both the primary and general election if at all possible.
6 Changes may be made by the governing body in designated polling places up to 10 days before an election if a
7 designated polling place is not available. Polling places may be located outside the boundaries of a precinct.

8 (2) Not more than 10 days or less than 2 business days before an election, the election
9 administrator shall publish in a newspaper of general circulation in the county a statement of the locations of the
10 precinct polling places. The election administrator shall include in the published notice the location of any
11 precinct polling places located within an Indian reservation's boundaries. The election administrator shall
12 include in the published notice the accessibility designation for each polling place according to the classification
13 in 13-3-207. Notice may also be given as provided in 2-3-105 through 2-3-107.

14 (3) An election administrator may make changes in the location of a polling place if an emergency
15 occurs 10 days or less before an election. Notice must be posted at both the old and new polling places, and
16 other notice may be given by whatever means available. If the old polling place being relocated is within the
17 boundaries of an Indian reservation, the new location must also be located within the boundaries of that same
18 Indian reservation.

19 (4) (a) Any building may be used as a polling place. The building must be furnished at no charge
20 as long as no structural changes are required in order to use the building as a polling place.

21 (b) If the building regularly used as a designated polling place is not available for an election
22 because of an unforeseen or temporary circumstance and no other suitable building is available free of charge,
23 the county may pay for use of a building as a temporary polling place for that election provided that the building
24 meets the polling place standards under this chapter. If a county pays for the use of a building as a temporary
25 polling place because of an unforeseen or temporary circumstance, the county shall provide with its regular
26 report on election costs to the secretary of state any costs incurred for use of a building pursuant to this
27 subsection (4)(b).

28 (5) The exterior of the voting systems, or of the booths in which they are placed, and every part of

1 the polling place must be in plain view of the election judges."

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3 **Section 4.** Section 13-13-114, MCA, is amended to read:

4 **"13-13-114. Voter identification and marking precinct register book before elector votes --**

5 **provisional voting.** (1) (a) ~~Except as provided in subsection (2), before~~ Before an elector is permitted to
6 receive a ballot or vote, the elector shall present to an election judge one of the following forms of current photo
7 identification showing the elector's name:

8 (i) a Montana driver's license; ;

9 (ii) a Montana state identification card issued pursuant to 61-12-501; ;

10 (iii) a military identification card; ;

11 (iv) a tribal photo identification card; ;

12 (v) a United States passport; or ;

13 (vi) a Montana concealed carry permit; or

14 (vii) a school district or postsecondary education photo identification; or.

15 (ii) ~~(A) (b) If the elector does not present photo identification, the elector shall present a current~~
16 utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, notice of confirmation of voter registration issued pursuant to 13-2-207,
17 government check, or other government document that shows the elector's name and current address; and

18 ~~(B) photo identification that shows the elector's name, including but not limited to a school district~~
19 ~~or postsecondary education photo identification.~~

20 (c) A tribal photo identification card does not need to include a residential address or an expiration
21 date to be considered valid for use under subsection (1)(a).

22 (d) An elector may use a nontraditional address as a current address as long as the nontraditional
23 address contains enough detail to allow the elector to be assigned to the appropriate precinct.

24 (e) An elector who provides the information listed in subsection (1)(a) may sign the precinct
25 register and must be provided with a regular ballot to vote.

26 (f) If the information provided in subsection (1)(a) differs from information in the precinct register
27 but an election judge determines that the information provided is sufficient to verify the voter's identity and
28 eligibility to vote pursuant to 13-2-512, the elector may sign the precinct register, complete a new registration

1 form to correct the elector's voter registration information, and vote.

2 (g) An election judge shall write "registration form" beside the name of any elector submitting a
3 form.

4 (2) If the elector is unable to present the information required by subsection (1) or if the information
5 presented under subsection (1) is insufficient to verify the elector's identity and eligibility to vote or if the
6 elector's name does not appear in the precinct register or appears in the register as provisionally registered and
7 this provisional registration status cannot be resolved at the polling place, the elector may sign the precinct
8 register and cast a provisional ballot as provided in 13-13-601.

9 (3) If the elector fails or refuses to sign the elector's name or if the elector is disabled and a
10 fingerprint, an identifying mark, or a signature by a person authorized to sign for the elector pursuant to 13-1-
11 116 is not provided, the elector may cast a provisional ballot as provided in 13-13-601.

12 (4) (a) A federally recognized Indian tribe may designate one or more tribal government buildings
13 to serve as a residential address, mailing address, or both, for electors living within the boundaries of an Indian
14 reservation or on Indian lands.

15 (b) An elector may not use a tribally designated building as the elector's residential address if the
16 building is in a different precinct from the elector's actual location of residence.

17 (5) For the purposes of this section,

18 "nontraditional address" means an address that consists of a narrative description of the location of the
19 elector's residence and applies when a residential address has not been assigned or affixed to the elector's
20 residence or when an elector resides on an Indian reservation or Indian lands.

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23 **Section 5.** Section 13-13-201, MCA, is amended to read:

24 **"13-13-201. Voting by absentee ballot -- procedures.** (1) A legally registered elector or provisionally
25 registered elector is entitled to vote by absentee ballot as provided for in this part.

26 (2) The elector may vote absentee by:

27 (a) marking the ballot in the manner specified;

28 (b) placing the marked ballot in the secrecy envelope, free of any identifying marks;

1 (c) placing the secrecy envelope containing one ballot for each election being held in the signature
2 envelope;

3 (d) executing the affirmation printed on the signature envelope; and

4 (e) returning the signature envelope with all appropriate enclosures by regular mail, postage paid,
5 or by delivering it to:

6 (i) the election office;

7 (ii) a polling place within the elector's county;

8 (iii) pursuant to 13-13-229, the absentee election board or an authorized election official; or

9 (iv) in a mail ballot election held pursuant to Title 13, chapter 19, a designated place of deposit
10 within the elector's county.

11 (3) Except as provided in 13-21-206 and 13-21-226, in order for the ballot to be counted, each
12 elector shall return it in a manner that ensures the ballot is received prior to 8 p.m. on election day.

13 (4) (a) A provisionally registered elector may also enclose in the outer signature envelope a copy
14 of the elector's photo identification showing the elector's name. The photo identification may be but is not
15 limited to a valid driver's license, a school district or postsecondary education photo identification, or a tribal
16 photo identification. If the provisionally registered elector does not enclose a photo identification, the elector
17 may enclose a copy of a current utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, notice of confirmation of voter registration
18 issued pursuant to 13-2-207, government check, or other government document that shows the elector's name
19 and current address.

20 (b) A tribal photo identification does not need to include a residential address or an expiration date
21 to be considered valid under this section.

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26 **Section 6.** Section 13-15-107, MCA, is amended to read:

27 **"13-15-107. Handling and counting provisional and challenged ballots.** (1) To verify eligibility to
28 vote, a provisionally registered individual who casts a provisional ballot has until 5 p.m. on the day after the

1 election to provide valid identification or eligibility information either in person, by facsimile, by electronic
2 means, or by mail postmarked no later than the day after the election.

3 (2) If a legally registered individual casts a provisional ballot because the individual failed to
4 provide sufficient identification as required pursuant to ~~13-13-114(1)(a)~~ 13-13-114(1):

5 (a) the elector has until 5 p.m. on the day after the election to provide identification information
6 pursuant to the requirements of 13-13-114 or as provided in subsection (3) of this section; and

7 (b) the election administrator shall compare the signature of the individual or the individual's agent
8 designated pursuant to 13-1-116 on the affirmation required under 13-13-601 to the signature on the
9 individual's voter registration form or the agent's designation form. If the signatures match, the election
10 administrator shall handle the ballot as provided in subsection (7). If the signatures do not match and the
11 individual or the individual's agent fails to provide valid identification information by the deadline, the ballot must
12 be rejected and handled as provided in 13-15-108.

13 (3) If a legally registered individual casts a provisional ballot but is unable provide the identification
14 information pursuant to the requirements of 13-13-114, the elector may verify the elector's identity by:

15 (a) presenting a current utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check, or other
16 government document that shows the elector's name and current address; and

17 (b) executing a declaration pursuant to subsection (4) that states that the elector has a reasonable
18 impediment to meeting the identification requirements.

19 (4) The secretary of state shall prescribe the form of the declaration described in subsection (3).

20 The form must include:

21 (a) a notice that the elector is subject to prosecution for false swearing under 45-7-202 for a false
22 statement or false information on the declaration;

23 (b) a statement that the elector swears or affirms that the information contained in the declaration
24 is true, that the person described in the declaration is the same person who is signing the declaration, and that
25 the elector faces a reasonable impediment to procuring the identification required by 13-13-114;

26 (c) a place for an elector to indicate one of the following impediments:

27 (i) lack of transportation;

28 (ii) lack of birth certificate or other documents needed to obtain identification;

- 1 (iii) work schedule;
- 2 (iv) lost or stolen identification;
- 3 (v) disability or illness;
- 4 (vi) family responsibilities; or
- 5 (vii) photo identification has been applied for but not received;
- 6 (d) a place for the elector to sign and date the declaration;
- 7 (e) a place for the election administrator or an election judge to sign and date the declaration;
- 8 (f) a place to note the polling place at which the elector cast a provisional ballot; and
- 9 (g) a place for the election administrator or election judge to note which form of identification
- 10 required by subsection (3)(a) the elector presented.

11 (5) A provisional ballot must be counted if the election administrator verifies the individual's identity
12 or eligibility pursuant to rules adopted under 13-13-603. However, if the election administrator cannot verify the
13 individual's identity or eligibility under the rules, the individual's provisional ballot must be rejected and handled
14 as provided in 13-15-108. If the ballot is provisional because of a challenge and the challenge was made on the
15 grounds that the individual is of unsound mind or serving a felony sentence in a penal institution, the individual's
16 provisional ballot must be counted unless the challenger provides documentation by 5 p.m. on the day after the
17 election that a court has established that the individual is of unsound mind or that the individual has been
18 convicted and sentenced and is still serving a felony sentence in a penal institution.

19 (6) The election administrator shall provide an individual who cast a provisional ballot but whose
20 ballot was or was not counted with the reasons why the ballot was or was not counted.

21 (7) A provisional ballot must be removed from its provisional envelope, grouped with other ballots
22 in a manner that allows for the secrecy of the ballot to the greatest extent possible, and counted as any other
23 provisional ballot if the individual's voter information is:

- 24 (a) verified before 5 p.m. on the day after the election; or
- 25 (b) postmarked by 5 p.m. on the day after election day and received and verified by 3 p.m. on the
26 sixth day after the election.

27 (8) Provisional ballots that are not resolved by the end of election day may not be counted until
28 after 3 p.m. on the sixth day after the election."

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Section 7. Section 13-19-307, MCA, is amended to read:

"13-19-307. Places of deposit -- poll watchers authorized. (1) (a) The election administrator shall designate the election administrator's office and may designate one or more places in the political subdivision in which the election is being conducted as places of deposit where ballots may be returned in person by the elector or the elector's agent or designee.

(b) If the election administrator's office is not accessible pursuant to 13-3-205, the election administrator shall designate at least one accessible place of deposit.

(2) Prior to election day, ballots may be returned to any designated place of deposit during the days and times set by the election administrator and within the regular business hours of the location.

(3) On election day, each location designated as a place of deposit must be open as provided in 13-1-106, and ballots may be returned during those hours.

(4) The election administrator may designate certain locations as election day places of deposit, and any designated location functions as a place of deposit only on election day.

(5) Each place of deposit must be staffed by at least two election officials who, except for election judges serving in elections under Title 20, chapter 20, are selected in the same manner as provided for the selection of election judges in 13-4-102.

(6) The election administrator shall provide each designated place of deposit with an official ballot transport box secured as provided by law.

(7) Poll watchers must be allowed as provided in 13-13-120 and 13-13-121 at each place of deposit during the days and times that the place of deposit is open for the return of ballots.

(8) An Indian reservation must have at least one place of deposit for each town that is more than 13 miles away from a permanent satellite election office designated under [section 1]. The tribal government shall choose the location for each place of deposit required under this subsection."

NEW SECTION. Section 8. Notification to tribal governments. The secretary of state shall send a copy of [this act] to each federally recognized tribal government in Montana.

1 NEW SECTION. Section 9. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an
2 integral part of Title 13, chapter 3, part 1, and the provisions of Title 13, chapter 3, part 1, apply to [section 1].

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4 NEW SECTION. Section 10. Effective date. [This act] is effective January 1, 2026.

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