

1 blockchain protocol's operations;

2 (2) develop software on a blockchain protocol;

3 (3) transfer digital assets to another business or individual utilizing a blockchain protocol; and

4 (4) participate in staking on a blockchain protocol.

5

6 NEW SECTION. Section 5. Securities exemptions. (1) A business offering to provide digital asset
7 mining as a service or staking as a service for individuals or to other businesses may not be considered as
8 offering a security or investment contract pursuant to state securities laws.

9 (2) Nothing in [sections 1 through 9] may preclude the attorney general from instituting appropriate
10 criminal charges against a business or individual that falsely claims to be offering digital asset mining as a
11 service or staking as a service.

12

13 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Certification required for listing of network tokens. (1) (a) In order to
14 be eligible for exemption under 30-10-105, a network token issuer seeking to offer or sell a network token in a
15 transaction that is subject to the laws of this state shall provide the commissioner of securities and insurance
16 with the following:

17 (i) the name, legal status, and website of the network token issuer, including the jurisdiction in
18 which the network token issuer is organized and the date of organization;

19 (ii) the address and telephone number of the network token issuer or a legal representative of the
20 network token issuer;

21 (iii) an overview of the material aspects of the network to which the network token relates, including
22 how the network token will function to provide access to services;

23 (iv) a description of the plan of distribution of any unit of a network token that is to be offered;

24 (v) the consensus mechanism of the token, if one exists;

25 (vi) the governance structure of the network token, if one exists;

26 (vii) a network token's current or proposed functionality;

27 (viii) a description of the material risks surrounding ownership of a unit of a network token;

28 (ix) a description of the material aspects of the network token issuer's business;

1 (x) a description of material transactions or relationships between the network token issuer and
2 affiliated persons; and

3 (xi) the date the network token began functioning.

4 (2) The network token issuer shall provide updates on all information under subsection (1) to the
5 commissioner of securities and insurance every 6 months.

6

7 **NEW SECTION. Section 7. Transition from foreign entity to Montana entity for network token**

8 **issuers.** A foreign corporation that was previously issued a network token may be granted an exemption under
9 30-10-105 if the foreign corporation completes the following:

10 (1) REGISTERS with the secretary of state as provided in 35-2-820 through 35-2-830;

11 (2) MEETS all obligations under [section 6];

12 (3) PROVIDES the state auditor and the commissioner of securities and insurance with all relevant
13 governing documents related to incorporation in THE FOREIGN CORPORATION'S country;

14 (4) PROVIDES proof that the FOREIGN corporation is not under investigation for securities fraud or
15 has been convicted of securities fraud in any other jurisdiction; AND

16 (5) PROVIDES the state auditor with any other information the state auditor considers relevant
17 provided by rule promulgated by the secretary of state.

18

19 **NEW SECTION. Section 8. Sales limit on network tokens.** (1) In order to receive an exemption
20 under 30-10-105, the aggregate of network tokens that may be sold by a network token issuer to accredited or
21 nonaccredited investors in a 12-month period may not exceed \$250 million as the amount is adjusted annually
22 by the securities commission to reflect the change in the consumer price index for all urban consumers
23 published by the bureau of labor statistics of the department of labor. This does not include programmatic and
24 nondiscretionary distributions of network tokens to persons for services or direct use of the network made in
25 accordance with the rules and code of the network.

26 (2) The state auditor may by rule or regulation establish additional exemptions if the commissioner
27 of securities and insurance determines that the exemption is necessary or in the public interest and is
28 consistent with the protection of investors.

1

2 NEW SECTION. Section 9. Definitions. As used in [sections 1 through 9], the following definitions

3 apply:

4 (1) "Affiliate persons" means a person who owns more than 10% of a digital asset or network
5 token from the current available supply.

6 (2) "Blockchain" means data that is:

7 (a) shared across a peer-to-peer network to create a ledger of verified transactions or information
8 among network participants linked together using cryptography to maintain the integrity of the ledger and to
9 execute other functions; and

10 (b) distributed among network participants in an automated fashion to concurrently update network
11 participants on the state of the ledger and any other functions.

12 (3) "Blockchain protocol" means any executable software deployed to a blockchain, typically
13 referred to as smart contracts, including an additional standardized set of rules that uses a previously existing
14 blockchain as a base, which facilitates the transfer of data and electronic records and allows that data to be
15 broadcast to nodes. The executable software is governed by a set of predefined rules that execute
16 autonomously without human intervention. The rules may be altered by a predetermined mechanism.

17 (4) (a) "Central bank digital currency" means a digital currency, a digital medium of exchange, or a
18 digital monetary unit of account issued by the United States federal reserve system or a federal agency that is
19 made directly available to institutions or consumers by the entities, or which is processed or validated directly
20 by the entities.

21 (b) The term does not include a digital asset backed by legal tender or government treasuries and
22 issued by a private entity.

23 (5) "Decentralized network" means, with respect to a central bank digital currency network to which
24 a network token relates, a network:

25 (a) where no person:

26 (i) has the unilateral authority, directly or indirectly, through a contract, arrangement,
27 understanding, relationship, or otherwise, to control or materially alter the functionality or operation of the
28 network; or

1 (ii) has the unilateral authority to restrict or prohibit a person who is not a digital asset issuer,
2 related person, or an affiliated person from:

3 (A) using, earning, or transmitting a digital asset;

4 (B) deploying software that uses or integrates with the network;

5 (C) participating in a decentralized governance system with respect to the network; or

6 (D) operating a node, validator, or other form of computational infrastructure with respect to the
7 network; and

8 (b) where no network token issuer or affiliated person beneficially owned, in the aggregate, 20% or
9 more of the total amount of units of the network token that:

10 (i) may be created, issued, or distributed in the network; or

11 (ii) were freely transferrable or otherwise used or available to be used for the purposes of the
12 network.

13

14 (6) (a) "Digital asset exchange" means a trading platform that offers or seeks to offer a market in at
15 least three digital assets.

16 (b) The term does not include a company organized under the laws of this state that sells network
17 tokens exclusively.

18 (7) "Digital asset mining" means using computer hardware and software specifically designed or
19 utilized for the purpose of validating data and securing a blockchain network.

20 (8) "Digital asset mining as a service" means an individual or business that takes the responsibility
21 for running, maintaining, and servicing digital asset mining devices on behalf of another individual or business
22 for a payment in dollars or other digital assets.

23 (9) "Digital asset mining device" means computing hardware specifically designed or utilized to
24 participate in digital asset mining for the purpose of securing a blockchain network.

25 (10) "Digital assets" means virtual currencies, cryptocurrencies, including stablecoins, fungible
26 tokens, and nonfungible tokens, and other digital-only assets that confer economic, proprietary, or access rights
27 or powers.

28 (11) "Functional network" means, with respect to a blockchain network to which a network token

1 relates, a network that allows network participants to use a network token for:

2 (a) the transmission and storage of value on the network;

3 (b) the participation in services provided by an application running on the network; or

4 (c) the participation in the decentralized governance system of the network.

5 (12) "Governing authority" means a board, commission, department, or other agency of the state or
6 a political subdivision in the state.

7 (13) "Hardware wallet" means a physical device that is not continuously connected to the internet
8 and allows an individual to secure and transfer digital assets. The term also includes a physical device under
9 which the owner of digital assets retains independent control over the digital assets.

10 (14) (a) "Network token" means a digital asset as defined in 70-1-108 that is used for facilitating,
11 coordinating, or enabling access to decentralized computing resources, consumer internet services, or internet
12 infrastructure services via blockchain, including permanent or temporal data storage, computation, wireless
13 access, data capture, audio or visual media hosting, audio or visual media streaming, and network bandwidth.

14 (b) In order to qualify as a network token, the token must:

15 (i) in the case of a token that is not speculative in nature, relate to a network that is a functional
16 network; or

17 (ii) in the case of a token that is speculative in nature, relate to a network that is both a functional
18 network and a decentralized network.

19 (c) The purchase or sale of a network token from a digital asset exchange or from a network token
20 issuer directly does not affect its status as a network token.

21 (d) The term does not include:

22 (i) any digital assets that constitute a note, stock, treasury stock, security future, security-based
23 swap, bond, debenture, evidence of indebtedness, certificate of interest or participation in any profit-sharing
24 agreement, collateral-trust certificate, preorganization certificate or subscription, transferable share, voting-trust
25 certificate, certificate of deposit for a security, fractional undivided interest in oil, gas, or other mineral rights, or
26 any put, call, straddle, option, or privilege on any security, certificate of deposit, or group or index of securities,
27 including any interest based on the value of these particular digital assets; or

28 (ii) any digital asset that, based on its terms and other characteristics, is, represents, or is

1 functionally equivalent to an agreement, contract, or transaction that is:

2 (A) a contract of sale of a commodity as defined in section 1a of the Commodity Exchange Act for
3 future delivery or an option on a contract of sale of a commodity;

4 (B) a securities futures product;

5 (C) a swap;

6 (D) an agreement, contract, or transaction described in section (2)(c)(2)(C)(i) or 2(c)(2)(D)(i) of the
7 Commodity Exchange Act;

8 (E) a commodity option authorized under section 4c of the Commodity Exchange Act; or

9 (F) a leverage transaction authorized under section 19 of the Commodity Exchange Act.

10 (15) "Network token issuers" means an individual or corporation that produced the source code that
11 runs and distributes a network token or creates a network token that is distributed to the public for use.

12 (16) "Node" means software run on a computer that does not exercise discretion over transactions
13 initiated by the end user of the blockchain protocol and does any of the following:

14 (a) communicates with other devices or participants on a blockchain to maintain consensus and
15 integrity of that blockchain;

16 (b) creates and validates blocks of transactions; or

17 (c) contains and updates a copy of a blockchain.

18 (17) "Self-hosted wallet" means a digital interface that is used to do both of the following:

19 (a) secure and transfer digital assets; and

20 (b) retain independent control over the secured digital assets by the owner of the digital assets.

21 (18) "Smart contracts" means computer programs that are hosted and executed on a blockchain
22 network. Each smart contract consists of code specifying predetermined conditions that, when met, trigger
23 outcomes.

24 (19) "Staking" means committing digital assets to a blockchain network to participate in the
25 blockchain network's operations by validating transactions, proposing and attesting to blocks, and securing the
26 network.

27 (20) "Staking as a service" means the provision of technical staking services, including but not
28 limited to the operation of nodes and the associated infrastructure necessary to facilitate participation in

1 blockchain networks' consensus mechanisms by the service provider on behalf of an individual or entity that
2 owns the digital assets being staked.

3

4 **Section 10.** Section 30-10-105, MCA, is amended to read:

5 **"30-10-105. Exempt transactions -- rulemaking.** Except as expressly provided in this section, 30-
6 10-201 through 30-10-207 and 30-10-211 do not apply to the following transactions:

7 (1) a nonissuer isolated transaction, whether effected through a broker-dealer or not. A transaction
8 is presumed to be isolated if it is one of not more than three transactions during the prior 12-month period.

9 (2) (a) a nonissuer distribution of an outstanding security by a broker-dealer registered pursuant to
10 30-10-201 if:

11 (i) quotations for the securities to be offered or sold or the securities issuable upon exercise of any
12 warrant or right to purchase or subscribe to the securities are reported by the automated quotations system
13 operated by the national association of securities dealers, inc., or by any other quotation system approved by
14 the commissioner by rule; or

15 (ii) the security has a fixed maturity or a fixed interest or dividend provision and there has not been
16 a default during the current fiscal year or within the 3 preceding fiscal years or if the issuer and any
17 predecessors have been in existence for less than 3 years and there has not been a default in the payment of
18 principal, interest, or dividends on the security.

19 (b) The commissioner may by order deny or revoke the exemption specified in subsection (2)(a)
20 with respect to a specific security. Upon the entry of an order, the commissioner shall promptly notify all
21 registered broker-dealers that it has been entered and give the reasons for the order and shall notify them that
22 within 15 days of the receipt of a written request, the matter will be set for hearing. If a hearing is not requested
23 and is not ordered by the commissioner, the order remains in effect until it is modified or vacated by the
24 commissioner. If a hearing is requested or ordered, the commissioner, after notice of and opportunity for
25 hearing to all interested persons, may modify or vacate the order or extend it until final determination. An order
26 under this subsection may not operate retroactively. A person may not be considered to have violated parts 1
27 through 3 of this chapter by reason of any offer or sale effected after the entry of an order under this subsection
28 if the person sustains the burden of proof that the person did not know and in the exercise of reasonable care

1 could not have known of the order.

2 (3) a nonissuer transaction effected by or through a registered broker-dealer pursuant to an
3 unsolicited order or offer to buy, but the commissioner may require that the customer acknowledge upon a
4 specified form that the sale was unsolicited and that a signed copy of each form be preserved by the broker-
5 dealer for a specified period;

6 (4) a transaction between the issuer or other person on whose behalf the offering is made and an
7 underwriter or between underwriters;

8 (5) a transaction by an executor, administrator, sheriff, marshal, receiver, trustee in bankruptcy,
9 guardian, or conservator in the performance of official duties;

10 (6) a transaction executed by a bona fide pledgee without any purpose of evading parts 1 through
11 3 of this chapter;

12 (7) an offer or sale to a bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment
13 company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial
14 institution or institutional buyer or to a broker-dealer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or in a fiduciary
15 capacity;

16 (8) (a) a transaction pursuant to an offer made in this state directed by the offeror to not more than
17 10 persons, other than those designated in subsection (7), during any period of 12 consecutive months, if:

18 (i) the seller reasonably believes that all the buyers are purchasing for investment; and

19 (ii) a commission or other remuneration is not paid or given directly or indirectly for soliciting a
20 prospective buyer. However, a commission may be paid to a registered broker-dealer if the securities involved
21 are registered with the United States securities and exchange commission under the federal Securities Act of
22 1933, as amended.

23 (b) a transaction pursuant to an offer made in this state directed by the offeror to not more than 25
24 persons, other than those designated in subsection (7), during any period of 12 consecutive months if:

25 (i) the seller reasonably believes that all the buyers are purchasing for investment;

26 (ii) a commission or other remuneration is not paid or given directly or indirectly for soliciting a
27 prospective buyer; however, a commission may be paid to a registered broker-dealer if the securities involved
28 are registered with the United States securities and exchange commission under the federal Securities Act of

1 1933, as amended; and

2 (iii) the offeror applies for and obtains the written approval of the commissioner prior to making any
3 offers in this state and pays a filing fee that must accompany the application for approval. The commissioner
4 may deny an application.

5 (c) a transaction pursuant to an offer made in this state by an offeror that is used in conjunction
6 with the exemption found in subsection (8)(a) and the offeror has applied to the commissioner to use the
7 exemption found in subsection (8)(b) in conjunction with or in addition to the exemption in subsection (8)(a),
8 which the commissioner may allow if:

9 (i) the offeror has its corporate headquarters or principal place of business in this state;

10 (ii) the seller reasonably believes that all the buyers are purchasing for investment;

11 (iii) a commission or other remuneration is not paid or given directly or indirectly for soliciting a
12 prospective buyer; however, a commission may be paid to a registered broker-dealer if the securities involved
13 are registered with the United States securities and exchange commission under the federal Securities Act of
14 1933, as amended; and

15 (iv) the offeror applies for and obtains the written approval of the commissioner prior to making any
16 offers in addition to the offers made pursuant to subsection (8)(a) and pays a filing fee that must accompany the
17 application for approval. The commissioner may deny the application.

18 (d) For the purpose of the exemptions provided for in this subsection (8), an offer to sell is made in
19 this state, whether or not the offeror or any of the offerees are then present in this state, if the offer either
20 originates from this state or is directed by the offeror to this state and received at the place to which it is
21 directed or at any post office in this state in the case of a mailed offer.

22 (9) an offer or sale of a preorganization certificate or subscription if:

23 (a) a commission or other remuneration is not paid or given directly or indirectly for soliciting a
24 prospective subscriber;

25 (b) the number of subscribers does not exceed 25; and

26 (c) a payment is not made by a subscriber;

27 (10) a transaction pursuant to an offer to existing security holders of the issuer, including persons
28 who at the time of the transaction are holders of convertible securities, nontransferable warrants, or transferable

1 warrants exercisable within not more than 90 days of their issuance, if:

2 (a) a commission or other remuneration, other than a standby commission, is not paid or given
3 directly or indirectly for soliciting any security holder in this state; or

4 (b) the issuer first files a notice specifying the terms of the offer and the commissioner does not by
5 order disallow either subsection (10)(a) or the notice specifying the terms of the offer;

6 (11) an offer, but not a sale, of a security for which registration statements have been filed under
7 both parts 1 through 3 of this chapter and the Securities Act of 1933 if a stop, refusal, denial, suspension, or
8 revocation order is not in effect and a public proceeding or examination looking toward an order is not pending
9 under either law;

10 (12) an offer, but not a sale, of a security for which a registration statement has been filed under
11 parts 1 through 3 of this chapter and the commissioner does not disallow the offer in writing within 10 days of
12 the filing;

13 (13) the issuance of a security dividend, whether the corporation distributing the dividend is the
14 issuer of the security or not, if nothing of value is given by security holders for the distribution other than the
15 surrender of a right to a cash dividend when the security holder can elect to take a dividend in cash or in
16 securities;

17 (14) a transaction incident to a right of conversion, a statutory or judicially approved reclassification,
18 or a recapitalization, reorganization, quasi-reorganization, stock split, reverse stock split, merger, consolidation,
19 or sale of assets;

20 (15) a transaction in compliance with rules that the commissioner may adopt to serve the purposes
21 of 30-10-102. The commissioner may require that 30-10-201 through 30-10-207 and 30-10-211 apply to any
22 transactional exemptions adopted by rule.

23 (16) the sale of a commodity investment contract traded on a commodities exchange recognized by
24 the commissioner at the time of sale;

25 (17) a transaction within the exclusive jurisdiction of the commodity futures trading commission as
26 granted under the Commodity Exchange Act;

27 (18) a transaction that:

28 (a) involves the purchase of one or more precious metals;

1 (b) requires, and under which the purchaser receives within 7 calendar days after payment in good
 2 funds of any portion of the purchase price, physical delivery of the quantity of the precious metals purchased.
 3 For the purposes of this subsection, physical delivery is considered to have occurred if, within the 7-day period,
 4 the quantity of precious metals, whether in specifically segregated or fungible bulk, purchased by the payment
 5 is delivered into the possession of a depository, other than the seller, that:

6 (i) (A) is a financial institution, meaning a bank, savings institution, or trust company organized
 7 under or supervised pursuant to the laws of the United States or of this state;

8 (B) is a depository the warehouse receipts of which are recognized for delivery purposes for any
 9 commodity on a contract market designated by the commodity futures trading commission; or

10 (C) is a storage facility licensed by the United States or any agency of the United States; and

11 (ii) issues, and the purchaser receives, a certificate, document of title, confirmation, or other
 12 instrument evidencing that the quantity of precious metals has been delivered to the depository and is being
 13 and will continue to be held on the purchaser's behalf, free and clear of all liens and encumbrances other than:

14 (A) liens of the purchaser;

15 (B) tax liens;

16 (C) liens agreed to by the purchaser; or

17 (D) liens of the depository for fees and expenses that previously have been disclosed to the
 18 purchaser.

19 (c) requires the quantity of precious metals purchased and delivered into the possession of a
 20 depository, as provided in subsection (18)(b), to be physically located within Montana at all times after the 7-
 21 day delivery period provided in subsection (18)(b), and the precious metals are in fact physically located within
 22 Montana at all times after that delivery period;

23 (19) a transaction involving a commodity investment contract solely between persons engaged in
 24 producing, processing, using commercially, or handling as merchants each commodity subject to the contract
 25 or any byproduct of the commodity;

26 (20) an offer or sale of a security to an employee of the issuer, pursuant to an employee stock
 27 ownership plan qualified under section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code or 17 CFR 230.701;

28 (21) (a) an offer or sale of securities by a cooperative association organized under the provisions of

1 Title 35, chapter 15 or 17, or under the laws of another state that are substantially the same as the provisions of
2 Title 35, chapter 15 or 17, if the offer and sale are only to members of the cooperative association or the
3 purchase of the securities is necessary or incidental to establishing membership in the cooperative association;

4 (b) a cooperative organized under the laws of another state may not take advantage of the
5 exemption created by this subsection (21) unless, not less than 10 days before the issuance or delivery of the
6 securities, the cooperative has furnished the commissioner with a general written description of the transaction
7 and any other information the commissioner may require by rule or otherwise. The commissioner shall
8 promulgate rules establishing a list of states whose laws are considered substantially the same as Title 35,
9 chapter 15 or 17, for the purposes of this subsection (21).

10 (22) an offer or sale of securities in which:

11 (a) the offer or sale meets the following residency requirements:

12 (i) it is made in this state to residents of this state;

13 (ii) the issuer is a business entity formed under the laws of this state and registered with the
14 Montana secretary of state;

15 (iii) prior to the offer or sale, the issuer has documentary evidence to establish a reasonable basis
16 to believe the buyer is a resident of this state; and

17 (iv) the offer or sale meets the intrastate exemption requirements in section 3(a)(11) of the
18 Securities Act of 1933, 15 U.S.C. 77c(a)(11), and 17 CFR 230.147;

19 (b) the offer or sale meets the following payment requirements:

20 (i) cash and other consideration received by the issuer for all securities transactions does not
21 exceed \$1 million, less the aggregate amount received for all sales of securities by the issuer within the 12
22 months before the first offer or sale made in reliance on this exemption;

23 (ii) the issuer does not accept more than \$10,000 from a buyer unless the buyer is an accredited
24 investor under Rule 501 SEC Regulation D, 17 CFR 230.501;

25 (iii) the issuer reasonably believes that all buyers are purchasing for investment and not for sale in
26 connection with a distribution of the security;

27 (iv) a commission or remuneration is not paid or given, directly or indirectly, for any person's
28 participation in the offer or sale of securities for the issuer unless the person is a registered broker-dealer or

1 agent under this chapter; and

2 (v) all funds received from buyers are deposited into a bank or depository institution authorized to
3 do business in this state and used in accordance with representations made to investors;

4 (c) the issuer, within 10 days of any solicitation or within 15 days after the first sale of the security
5 pursuant to this exemption, whichever occurs first, provides to the commissioner in a form prescribed by the
6 commissioner notice that:

7 (i) specifies that the issuer is conducting an offering in reliance upon this exemption;

8 (ii) identifies the issuer;

9 (iii) lists all persons involved in the offer and sale of securities on behalf of the issuer;

10 (iv) identifies the bank or other depository institution where investor funds will be deposited; and

11 (v) includes payment of a filing fee;

12 (d) the issuer does not constitute any of the following:

13 (i) before or after the offer or sale, an investment company as defined in section 3 of the
14 Investment Company Act of 1940, 15 U.S.C. 80a-3, or subject to the reporting requirements of section 13 or
15 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. 78m and 78o(d);

16 (ii) before or after the offer or sale, an investment adviser as defined in this chapter or a person
17 who otherwise provides investment advice as a service or for a fee;

18 (iii) before the offer or sale, an individual who has been convicted within 10 years before the sale,
19 or 5 years in the case of issuers, their predecessors, and affiliated issuers, of a felony or misdemeanor;

20 (iv) before or after the offer or sale, a person subject to a final order that bars the person from the
21 business of securities, insurance, or banking, issued by any of the following:

22 (A) a state or federal securities regulator or similar entity;

23 (B) a state or federal banking authority or similar entity;

24 (C) a state insurance commission or similar entity;

25 (e) the offer or sale:

26 (i) can be used in conjunction with any other exemption under this chapter except the exemptions
27 for institutional investors under subsection (8) and for controlling persons of the issuer. Sales toward controlling
28 persons do not count toward the limitation in subsection (22)(b).

1 (ii) is not available if the issuer or any of its officers, controlling persons, or promoters is
2 disqualified under any part of this chapter;

3 (f) prior to the sale, the issuer informed all purchasers that the securities have not been registered
4 under this chapter and cannot be resold unless the securities are registered or qualify for an exemption from
5 registration; and

6 (g) the offer or sale is not:

7 (i) an offering proposing to issue stock or other equity interest in a development stage company
8 without a specific business plan or purpose;

9 (ii) an offering in which the issuer has indicated that its business is to enlarge in a merger or
10 acquisition with an unidentified company or companies or other unidentified entities or persons; or

11 (iii) an offering without an allocation of proceeds to sufficiently identifiable properties or objectives;

12 (23) a transaction by a business providing digital asset mining as a service or staking as a service
13 for individuals or to other businesses;

14 (24) a transaction by a network token issuer seeking to offer or sell a network token in a transaction
15 pursuant to the requirements of [sections 6 and 8]; or

16 (25) a foreign corporation that was previously issued a network token pursuant to the requirements
17 of [sections 7 and 8]."

18

19 **NEW SECTION. Section 11. Codification instruction.** [Sections 1 through 9] are intended to be
20 codified as an integral part of Title 30, and the provisions of Title 30 apply to [sections 1 through 9].

21

22

- END -